

Registration days, October 5, 12 and 26. If you are not registered you cannot vote.

The Logan Republican.

Journal

The Primary election will be held on October 19. Election, takes place on November 2.

EIGHT PAGES

LOGAN, CACHE COUNTY, UTAH—TUESDAY OCTOBER 5 1915

THIRTEENTH YEAR

PRIZE WINNERS IN EDUCATIONAL DEPT. OF CACHE COUNTY FAIR

Bert Mortensen and Odell Smith tied for the special cash prize of \$5 offered by the Fair Association for the best exhibit of boys club work. Veda Cannel and Mary Melkie won first and second prizes of \$3 and \$2 offered by the Fair Association for the first and second best canning exhibit of girls club work. Several of the boys won prizes in the poultry department in open competition. Their names are under the head of the poultry awards. Marriner Morrell won first and second prize on pigs. Fay Melkie won first prize in bread making.

Sewing
Venice Hillyard, first on display. Maggie Cannel, second on display. Ethel Hillyard, first on quality. Gladys Lamb, first on fancy bag. Hattie Morrell, first on centerpiece. Nellie Allen, first on handkerchief box.

Phyllis Ashcroft, first on baby dress. Owing to the fact that the schools of both the city and county had just commenced at the time the fair opened, it was impossible for the schools to compete for the prizes offered by the Fair Association for the school exhibits.

All the work exhibited was of exceptional merit and many blue ribbons were awarded different schools in the city and county for the excellence of their display.

The prize offered by the Fair Association to the pupil with the best record for attendance and punctuality during the last school year revealed a surprising but commendable condition. Eighty-six pupils in Logan City and 105 pupils in the Cache county school district have perfect records for attendance and punctuality for the past year. These children were in school every day that school was in session and were never tardy. They and their parents are to be congratulated on the excellent showing made.

The following is the list of pupils with the name of the school from which they come:

- Smithfield**
Melvin Corbet, Fern Coleman, Lillie Hunt, Ethel Hill, Mary Merrill, Venna Cantwell, Marguerite Roskelley, Venice Hillyard, Thomas Bingham, Uvada Bingham, Weldon Coleman, Diana Hunt, Eliza Woolford, Wesley Smith, Charles Lundquist, Zina Read, Marnard Larson, Vaulas Toolson, Laurence Weeks, Harold Gordon, Niche Cash, Lorrain Merrill, Myrtle Larson, Jesse Smith, Zilpah Scowthorn, Mary Reese, Lena Daniels, Ruby Sorenson, Kermit Toolson, James Cantwell, Beattie Noble, Fern Melkie, Vella Heaps, Merline Pitcher, Wellington Hart, Arch Hill, Geneva Thornley, Ruth Woolford, Frank Doane, Salome Toolson, Rex Nilson.
- Clarkston**
Mamie Heggie, Betty Ravsten, Annie Thompson, Emily Godfrey, Sadie Butters, Reuben Butters, Hillard Archibald, Amy Butters.
- Riverdale**
Althea Munk, Maggie Reese.
- River Heights**
Dolara Kowallis, Adeline Kowallis, Lois Rider.

\$91,000 CLIPPED FROM ALLOWANCE MADE TEXAS

Deduction Made to Cover Value of Uniforms Sold by National Guard to Mexicans

San Antonio, Texas, Oct. 3.—The war department has advised the state adjutant general's office at Austin that the government allowance to the Texas National Guard for the ensuing year will be \$9000 instead of \$100,000 it was announced here today.

A deduction of \$91,000 from the usual appropriation was made by the department to cover the value of uniforms and other equipment belonging to the state militia, which it is charged, were sold to Mexican revolutionists after official statements had been submitted that the equipment had been condemned and destroyed.

Three officers of the Texas National Guard recently were indicted here on charges of defrauding the government in connection with the alleged sale of the militia equipment.

Agents of the department of justice say that \$20,000 worth of uniforms was sold to Carranza troops; the United States army buttons being removed and sold to a St. Louis firm.

President Joseph F. Smith, who Presided at Semi-annual Conference Held in Salt Lake



PRESIDENT JOS. SMITH GIVES CONVICTIONS WITH RESPECT TO EDUCATION IN UTAH

Salt Lake, Oct. 4.—When President Joseph F. Smith began his conference address at the Tabernacle yesterday, immediately after the opening of the morning session, he was somewhat troubled with hoarseness, but his voice soon cleared and he was heard distinctly to every part of the auditorium.

He dwelt with special emphasis on the education of the rising generation and referred to the duties of his office and of the subordinate offices of the church and told of the progress of the church since the last general conference.

During the course of his remarks President Smith made the following observations with respect to education in this state:

I hope that my brethren and sisters and friends assembled here will pardon me for giving expression to my real conviction with reference to the question of education in the State of Utah.

The government of the state has provided for the common schools up to the eighth grade and meets the expenses of these schools. The treasury of this state has provided for one of the best universities that can be found in any state in the union, thoroughly equipped and provided for the highest education in the land. The state treasury has also provided for or assisted at least to a very large extent, to provide an agricultural college, a very creditable and an extensive institution, carrying many branches of education or instruction and training for the youth of the people of the state.

In addition to these we are having forced upon the people high schools throughout every part of the land. I believe that we are running education mad. I believe that we are taxing the people more for education than they should be taxed. This is my sentiment.

And especially it is my sentiment when the fact is known that all of these burdens are placed upon the taxpayers of the state to teach them secular education, the education of the world. God is not in it. Religion is excluded from it. The Bible is excluded from it all.

And you and I who desire to have our children have the advantages of moral and religious education are of necessity excluded from all these state organizations for education and if we will have our children properly taught in principles of righteousness, morality and religion—we have got to institute schools or institutions of education of our own, and thus we increase the taxation and the burdens upon the people. We have to do it in order that our children may have the advantages of moral training in their childhood.

Now I know that I shall probably be criticized by lovers of education so called, for expressing my idea in relation to this matter.

Convictions of Duty

My brethren and sisters by business, my duty, is to preach the gospel of Jesus Christ and Him crucified and risen from the dead and sitting enthroned in power and glory and majesty and in dominion on the right hand of His Father, our God. That is my business and my duty and I love to do that more than anything else in the world.

I do not only love to do it, to teach it, to preach it, but, oh, I feel how sad it is when any such circumstances are forced back upon me with the conviction that I am neglecting my duty towards those that I love more than my own life. Why, I can't afford it; I can't afford it.

I must do the best I can, the best I know how, for those whom God has entrusted to my care. I must do to the best of my knowledge and of my understanding my duty toward the people of God over whom He has willed that I should be a humble minister and teacher of the gospel and with whom He has honored me with the presidency over the church.

It is my duty to set the example, my duty to plead with the people to live their religion, to observe the fast offerings better than I do myself. I neglect it. I think of it occasionally when it comes to me, and I feel ashamed of myself that I do not do it every month on the day when it should be done, but I leave it often and then at the end of the year, or at some other period I draw my check and send it to the bishop for what I think I owe him; but I ought to do it every month. I ought to do it regularly, right along just as I pay my tithing; when the end of the month comes I go and pay my tithing. Why so that I won't neglect it, but keep it in mind, I won't forget it, and that is one of the things that the good teacher has taught us the other evening at our home—the payment of tithing. Are you honest with the Lord. Do you remember him with the first fruits of your increase? And so on and so forth.

"Well, now, if I was as punctual in observing my fast and was as careful to do all I should do for it and a little more than would be really required of me, if I were to do that as punctually as I try to pay my tithing, I believe I would feel lots better over it, very much better; but sometimes I am 100 miles from my ward or 1000 miles away from my ward on fast day, and then I can't quite do it; I can't do that, but the family at home attend to their part of the duty when I am away. But it is my duty as the head of my family to do my duty and set that example before all the members of my household.

Now, my brethren and sisters, I did not expect to talk this long, and I don't think it will do me any particular good, although I have the satisfaction of bearing my testimony to you, all of you and in saying to

you with all my heart, God bless you, and I bless you. I have the right to bless. I hold the keys of the Melchizedek priesthood and the office and power of patriarch too. It is my right to bless; for all the keys and all the authority and power pertaining to the government of the church and pertaining to the Melchizedek and Aaronic priesthood is centered in the head and in the presiding officers of the church.

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLAR PRIZE FOR GOOD STORY

New York, Oct. 4.—It was announced today at the headquarters of the National Security League in this City that Mr. Jules S. Bache, the New York banker has offered thru the League a prize of \$500 for the best essay or article demonstrating the necessity and wisdom of reasonable preparedness against war by the United States.

The League is conducting a nation wide campaign to secure adequate preparedness for national defense. It stands for the following principles:

1. Adequate national defense.
2. The program of defense submitted by army and navy experts should be made effective by Congress and its adoption does not mean militarism.
3. Politics should be eliminated from preparedness.
4. A stronger and better balanced navy and a reasonable increase in the army.
5. A larger and more efficient national guard.
6. That preparedness is the best possible peace insurance.

The conditions under which the award of \$500 will be made are as follows:

1. No limitations as to age or sex.
2. The article must reach headquarters of the National Security League, 31 Pine Street, New York, not later than noon, November 1, 1915. The award will be announced on Thanksgiving Day.
3. No manuscript in excess of 500 words will be considered and all contributions must be typewritten on one side of the paper.
4. The article must be signed with a nom de plume or number, which shall also be written upon the outside of an accompanying envelope. The nom de plume or number should also be enclosed within the envelope with the author's name and address and the envelope sealed.
5. The award will be made by a committee of five persons of national prominence, whose names will be announced later.
6. The National Security League reserves the right to use and publish the manuscript which is awarded the prize as well as the ten manuscripts which may be awarded honorable mention.
7. The value of the article in awakening popular appreciation of our national peril and necessities will be considered as well as literary merit.

If additional information is desired it can be obtained by addressing the headquarters of the National Security League, 31 Pine Street, New York City, and enclosing a five cent stamp.

MR. RITER IS BACK TO LOGAN FROM THE FAIR

Had a Splendid Trip. Renewed His Acquaintance With Mr. Fuller, a Boyhood Chum

B. F. Riter, manager of the chain of Riter Bros. Drug stores in this section of the country, returned on Saturday night from San Francisco where he has been to inspect the Panama Pacific exposition. Mr. Riter was accompanied home by Mrs. Riter who has been in the southern part of California for a couple of months. Mr. Riter is loud in his praise of the great exposition. He was highly entertained in San Francisco not only by the fair, but while there he renewed his acquaintance with C. D. W. Fuller, a boyhood chum of the druggist. For about twenty years these two gentlemen have been separated and it was a happy meeting indeed, according to Mr. Riter, who expressed the trip as being the "time of his life."

BOYS HUNTING DISCOVER BODY

Mystery Surrounds Death Revealed by Find Among Hills Near Ogden

Ogden, Oct. 3.—Bones and clothing of an unidentified man who has been dead perhaps six months together with a .32 caliber blue steel revolver, with one discharged cartridge, were found this afternoon on a mountain ridge seven miles east of North Ogden by William Holmes Charles Castle, William Barrett and Orson Reynolds, boys of North Ogden, who were hunting. Wild animals apparently had mutilated the body after death. Some of the bones are missing.

Whether the man committed suicide or met death in some other manner was not determined by county authorities tonight. Upon the finding of the skull by Castle the boys commenced a search, which resulted in the finding of the trunk, the clothes and the revolver. The skull and effects were brought to North Ogden and turned over to Sheriff T. A. Devine tonight. There are no wounds in the skull, and until the other bones are examined it cannot be determined whether he was shot in the body.

The brown serge suit, light underwear and shirt bearing the trade mark of the Palace store of Ogden were not insufficiently good condition to determine whether they belonged to the man. There is a laundry mark on the tanned bullet holes. What appear to be two bullet holes were found in the brown felt hat of No. 7 size, but these holes are in the brim.

The man wore a wing collar, size 14-12 cheap cuff links, a stickpin and a cheap watch which was stopped at 10:06. Particles of hair found were very black and coarse.

There is a laundry mark on the shirt which may be deciphered when the cloth is dried.

Teeth in the skull are in excellent condition, but two lower and the two corresponding upper teeth have gold bridgework. The clothing shows the dead man was small.

Indications are that the man met his death since last winter, for the watch and clothing do not appear to have suffered the effects of a winter's snow. Animals are thought to have assisted in reducing the body to a skeleton.

Sheriff Devine and the police have no record of missing Weber county residents, and yet the authorities question that a stranger would walk so far if suicide was intended. The sheriff hopes to obtain more light on the matter by visiting tomorrow the place where the remains were found.

COUNTY DADS HELD SESSION ON SATURDAY

The county commissioners met on Saturday and after a brief session in which they passed the bills and attended to some minor matters, they went to Salt Lake. They decided to dispense with the services of the road man in Blacksmith Fork canyon.

Beethaulers who dump the dirt in the bottom of their wagons onto the county road near the sugar factory, thereby causing ruts and lumps in the road are to be warned that they must not do this year.

R. A. Leshman and Robert Haslam were named Registrar of Vital Statistics and Road Supervisor, respectively, for Wellsville precinct.

An arrangement as to some boundary lines between here and Box Elder county, having been effected by the two assessors of the counties, the commissioners approved our side of it.

PAW KNOWS EVERYTHING

Willie—Paw, are all of the men fools? May says they are. Paw—No, not all of them, my son. Some of them are bachelors. Paw—Willie, you go to bed right this minute.—Cincinnati Enquirer.